

Page 1 of 20 Report No.: STUESO230900003LM

TEST REPORT IEC 62471

Photobiological safety of lamps and lamp systems

Report Reference No...... STUESO230900003LM

Date of issue...... Aug. 04 2023

Total number of pages 20

Testing Laboratory Standard Technology Union Co., Ltd

Address : No.203, Building B, Jingye Sanjie, Yushu Industrial Park,

Guangzhou Economic & Technological Development Zone,

Guangzhou, Guangdong, China

Applicant's name Tmi Sara Roseberg

Address Kellokuja 1 70460 Kuopio FINLAND

Test specification:

Standard...... IEC 62471: 2006 (First Edition)

Test procedure : Commission test

Non-standard test method...... N/A

Test Report Form No...... IEC62471A

Master TRF...... Dated 2009-05

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Trade Mark :---

Manufacturer : Tmi Sara Roseberg

Address : Kellokuja 1 70460 Kuopio FINLAND

Ratings 5 V== ,1 A, LEDs, Class III, IP 20;

(See general product information)



Page 2 of 20

Report No.: STUESO230900003LM

Test	ing procedure and testing location:		
\boxtimes	Testing Laboratory:	Standard Technology Union Co., Ltd	
Testi	ng location/ address	No.203, Building B, Jingye Sanjie, Yushu Industrial Park, Guangzhou Economic & Technological Development Zone, Guangzhou, Guangdong, China	
	Associated Laboratory:		
Testi	ng location/ address	- Managara	
	Tested by (name + signature):	Juener Li	
		(LVD Engineer)	
	Approved by (+ signature)	Johnson Xie Zohnson Xie	
		(LVD Engineer)	
	Testing procedure: TMP		
	Tested by (name + signature):		
	Approved by (+ signature)		
Test	ing location/ address		
	Testing procedure: WMT		
	Tested by (name + signature)		
	Witnessed by (+ signature)		
	Approved by (+ signature):		
Test	ing location/ address		
	Testing procedure: SMT		
	Tested by (name + signature):		
	Approved by (+ signature)		
	Supervised by (+ signature)		
Test	ing location/ address		
	Testing procedure: RMT		
	Tested by (name + signature)		
	Approved by (+ signature):		
	Supervised by (+ signature)		
Test	ing location/ address		



Page 3 of 20 Report No.: STUESO230900003LM

Summary of testing:

Full test with model R007.

Tests performed (name of test and test clause):

These tests fulfil the requirements of standard ISO/IEC 17025.

When determining the test conclusion, the Measurement Uncertainty of test has been considered.

List of attachments:

Annex 1: European Group Differences and National Differences

Annex 2: Product photo

Testing location:

Standard Technology Union Co., Ltd No.203, Building B, Jingye Sanjie, Yushu Industrial Park, Guangzhou Economic & Technological Development Zone, Guangzhou, Guangdong, China

Name and address of production sites (Factories):

Same as manufacturer

Summary of compliance with National Differences:

List of countries addressed:

- CENELEC member countries
- Australia
- ☑ The product fulfils the requirements of EN 62471: 2008.
- ☑ The product fulfils the requirements of AS/NZS IEC 62471: 2011

Copy of marking plate:

NI/A



Page 4 of 20 Report No.: STUESO230900003LM

Test item particulars:			
Tested lamp: ⊠ continuous	wave lamps	☐ pul	sed lamps
Tested lamp system N/A			
Lamp classification group	☐ risk 1	🛛 risk 2	☐ risk 3
Lamp cap:			
Bulb::			
Rated of the lamp:			
Furthermore marking on the lamp:			
Seasoning of lamps according IEC standard:			
Used measurement instrument Ref. to List of	est equipmen	t used	
Temperature by measurement 25 ± 5°C			
Information for safety use For indoor use	•		
Possible test case verdicts:			
 test case does not apply to the test object N/A (Not appli 	cable)		
- test object does meet the requirement P (Pass)			
- test object does not meet the requirement: F (Fail)			
Testing:			
Date of receipt of test item Sep. 01 2023			
Date (s) of performance of tests: Sep. 01 2023	to Aug. 04 20	23	
General remarks:			
The test results presented in this report relate only to the object tested. This report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written as "(See Enclosure #)" refers to additional information appended to the "(See appended table)" refers to a table appended to the report. Throughout this report a comma (point) is used as the decimal separation of test equipment must be kept on file and available for review.	oproval of the report.	Issuing testi	ng laboratory.
General product information:			
The product can emit Blue light when powered.			
This report cover the following models:			
Model No.	Ratings		
R007, R008, R009, R010, R011, R012, R013, R014, R015, R016.	5 V===	1 A, LEDs,	3,65 W
The all models have same construction and components, Using the s different.	ame LEDs, or	nly the appe	arance shap



Page 5 of 20 Report No.: STUESO230900003LM

IEC 62471			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

4	EXPOSURE LIMITS		P
4.1	General	2)	P
	The exposure limits in this standard is not less than 0,01 ms and not more than any 8-hour period and should be used as guides in the control of exposure		Р
	Detailed spectral data of a light source are generally required only if the luminance of the source exceeds 10 ⁴ cd·m ⁻²	see clause 4.3	Р
4.3	Hazard exposure limits		Р
4.3.1	Actinic UV hazard exposure limit for the skin and eye	No UV hazard	P
	The exposure limit for effective radiant exposure is 30 J·m ⁻² within any 8-hour period		Р
	To protect against injury of the eye or skin from ultraviolet radiation exposure produced by a broadband source, the effective integrated spectral irradiance, Es, of the light source shall not exceed the levels defined by:		P
	$E_{\rm w} \cdot t = \sum_{200}^{400} \sum_{\rm f} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot S_{\rm UV}(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 30 \qquad \qquad \text{J-m}^{\circ}$		P
	The permissible time for exposure to ultraviolet radiation incident upon the unprotected eye or skin shall be computed by:		P
	$r_{\text{max}} = \frac{30}{E_{\text{B}}}$ s		Р
4.3.2	Near-UV hazard exposure limit for eye		
	For the spectral region 315 nm to 400 nm (UV-A) the total radiant exposure to the eye shall not exceed 10000 J·m² for exposure times less than 1000 s. For exposure times greater than 1000 s (approximately 16 minutes) the UV-A irradiance for the unprotected eye, E _{UVA} , shall not exceed 10 W·m².		Р
	The permissible time for exposure to ultraviolet radiation incident upon the unprotected eye for time less than 1000 s, shall be computed by:		Р
	$t_{\text{max}} \le \frac{10\ 000}{E_{\text{UVA}}}$ s		Р
4.3.3	Retinal blue light hazard exposure limit	See table 4.2	P



Page 6 of 20 Report No.: STUESO230900003LM

	IEC 62471		
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	To protect against retinal photochemical injury from chronic blue-light exposure, the integrated spectral radiance of the light source weighted against the blue-light hazard function, $B(\lambda)$, i.e., the blue-light weighted radiance , L_B , shall not exceed the levels defined by:		P
	$L_{\rm B} \cdot r = \sum_{300}^{700} \sum_{i} L_{\lambda}(\lambda, r) \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta r \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 10^{8} \qquad \text{J} \cdot \text{m}^{-2} \cdot \text{sr}^{-1}$ $L_{\rm B} = \sum_{300}^{700} L_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100 \qquad \text{W} \cdot \text{m}^{-2} \cdot \text{sr}^{-1}$	for $t \le 10^4 \text{ s}$ $t_{max} = \frac{10^6}{L_B}$	Р
	$L_{\rm B} = \sum_{300}^{700} L_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100 \qquad \qquad W \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}$	for t > 10 ⁴ s	Р
4.3.4	Retinal blue light hazard exposure limit - small source	е	N/A
	Thus the spectral irradiance at the eye E_{λ} , weighted against the blue-light hazard function $B(\lambda)$ shall not exceed the levels defined by:	see table 4.2	N/A
	$E_{\rm B} \cdot t = \sum_{300}^{700} \sum_t E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100 \text{J} \cdot \text{m}^{-2}$	for t ≤ 100 s	N/A
	$E_{\rm B} = \sum_{300}^{700} E_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 1$ W · m ⁻²	for t > 100 s	N/A
4.3.5	Retinal thermal hazard exposure limit		Р
	To protect against retinal thermal injury, the integrated spectral radiance of the light source, L_{λ_1} , weighted by the burn hazard weighting function $R(_{\lambda})$ (from Figure 4.2 and Table 4.2), i.e., the burn hazard weighted radiance, shall not exceed the levels defined by:		Р
	$L_{\rm Pl} = \sum_{380}^{1400} L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le \frac{50000}{\alpha \cdot l^{0.25}}$ W·m ⁻² ·sr ⁻¹	(10 µs ≤ t ≤ 10 s)	Р
4.3.6	Retinal thermal hazard exposure limit - weak visual s	stimulus	Р
	For an infrared heat lamp or any near-infrared source where a weak visual stimulus is inadequate to activate the aversion response, the near infrared (780 nm to 1400 nm) radiance, L _{IR} , as viewed by the eye for exposure times greater than 10 s shall be limited to:		P
	$L_{\rm HR} = \sum_{780}^{1400} L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le \frac{6000}{\alpha} \qquad \qquad W \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}$	t > 10 s	Р
4.3.7	Infrared radiation hazard exposure limits for the eye		Р



Page 7 of 20 Report No.: STUESO230900003LM

	IEC 62471		
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	The avoid thermal injury of the comea and possible delayed effects upon the lens of the eye (cataractogenesis), ocular exposure to infrared radiation, E _{IR} , over the wavelength range 780 nm to 3000 nm, for times less than 1000 s, shall not exceed:		P
	$E_{\text{IR}} = \sum_{780}^{3000} E_{\lambda} \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 18000 \cdot t^{-0.75}$ W · m ⁻²	t ≤ 1000 s	Р
	For times greater than 1000 s the limit becomes:		Р
	$E_{\rm IR} = \sum_{780}^{3000} E_{\lambda} \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100$ W · m ⁻²	t > 1000 s	Р
4.3.8	Thermal hazard exposure limit for the skin		Р
	Visible and infrared radiant exposure (380 nm to 3000 nm) of the skin shall be limited to:		Р
	$E_{\text{H}} \cdot t = \sum_{380}^{3000} \sum_{t} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 20000 \cdot t^{0.25}$ J · m ⁻²		Р
5	MEASUREMENT OF LAMPS AND LAMP SYSTEM	s	Р
5.1	Measurement conditions		Р
	Measurement conditions shall be reported as part of the evaluation against the exposure limits and the assignment of risk classification.		P
5.1.1	Lamp ageing (seasoning)		N/A
	Seasoning of lamps shall be done as stated in the appropriate IEC lamp standard.		N/A
5.1.2	Test environment		Р
	For specific test conditions, see the appropriate IEC lamp standard or in absence of such standards, the appropriate national standards or manufacturer's recommendations.		Р
5.1.3	Extraneous radiation		Р
	Careful checks should be made to ensure that extraneous sources of radiation and reflections do not add significantly to the measurement results.		Р
5.1.4	Lamp operation		Р
	Operation of the test lamp shall be provided in accordance with:		Р



Page 8 of 20 Report No.: STUESO230900003LM

Р

Р

9 1		Page 8 of 20	Report No.: STUESO23	0900003LM
		IEC 62471		
Clause	Requirement + Test		Result – Remark	Verdict
	- the manufacturer's re	a common detion	I	P
545		ecommendation		P
5.1.5	Lamp system operation			
	the power source for ope be provided in accordance	ration of the test lamp shall e with:		P
	 the appropriate IEC s 	tandard, or		P
	 the manufacturer's re 	ecommendation		Р
5.2	Measurement procedure			Р
5.2.1	Irradiance measurements			P
	Minimum aperture diamet	er 7mm.		Р
	Maximum aperture diame	ter 50 mm.		Р
	The measurement shall be the beam giving the maximum.	e made in that position of mum reading.		Р
	The measurement instrun	nent is adequate calibrated.		Р
5.2.2	Radiance measurements			Р
5.2.2.1	Standard method			Р
	The measurements made	with an optical system.		Р
	radiant power per unit rec	alibrated to read in absolute eiving area and per unit averaged over the field of		P
5.2.2.2	Alternative method			Р
	Alternatively to an imaging irradiance measurement stop placed at the source radiance measurements.	set-up with a circular field		P
5.2.3	Measurement of source s	ize		Р
	The determination of α, th source, requires the deter emission points of the sou	mination of the 50%		Р
5.2.4	Pulse width measuremen	t for pulsed sources		N/A
	of a source, requires the	he nominal pulse duration determination of the time is > 50% of its peak value.		N/A

Analysis methods

Weighting curve interpolations

5.3

5.3.1



Page 9 of 20 Report No.: STUESO230900003LM

	IEC 62471		
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	To standardize interpolated values, use linear interpolation on the log of given values to obtain intermediate points at the wavelength intervals desired.	see table 4.1	P
5.3.2	Calculations		Р
	The calculation of source hazard values shall be performed by weighting the spectral scan by the appropriate function and calculating the total weighted energy.		Р
5.3.3	Measurement uncertainty		Р
	The quality of all measurement results must be quantified by an analysis of the uncertainty.	see Annex C in the norm	Р
6	LAMP CLASSIFICATION		P
	For the purposes of this standard it was decided that the values shall be reported as follows:	see table 6.1	P
	 for lamps intended for general lighting service, the hazard values shall be reported as either irradiance or radiance values at a distance which produces an illuminance of 500 lux, but not at a distance less than 200 mm 	200 mm;	P
	 for all other light sources, including pulsed lamp sources, the hazard values shall be reported at a distance of 200 mm 		N/A
6.1	Continuous wave lamps		Р
6.1.1	Except Group		N/A
	In the except group are lamps, which does not pose any photobiological hazard. The requirement is met by any lamp that does not pose:		N/A
	 an actinic ultraviolet hazard (E_s) within 8-hours exposure (30000 s), nor 		N/A
	 a near-UV hazard (E_{UVA}) within 1000 s, (about 16 min), nor 		N/A
	 a retinal blue-light hazard (L_B) within 10000 s (about 2,8 h), nor 		N/A
	 a retinal thermal hazard (L_R) within 10 s, nor 		N/A
	 an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (E_{IR}) within 1000 s 		N/A
6.1.2	Risk Group 1 (Low-Risk)		N/A



Page 10 of 20 Report No.: STUESO230900003LM

	IEC 62471				
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict		
	In this group are lamps, which exceeds the limits for the except group but that does not pose:		N/A		
	 an actinic ultraviolet hazard (E_S) within 10000 s, nor 		N/A		
	 a near ultraviolet hazard (E_{UVA}) within 300 s, nor 		N/A		
	 a retinal blue-light hazard (L_B) within 100 s, nor 		N/A		
	 a retinal thermal hazard (L_R) within 10 s, nor 		N/A		
	 an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (E_{IR}) within 100 s 		N/A		
	Lamps that emit infrared radiation without a strong visual stimulus and do not pose a near-infrared retinal hazard (L _{IR}), within 100 s are in Risk Group 1.		N/A		
6.1.3	Risk Group 2 (Moderate-Risk)		Р		
	This requirement is met by any lamp that exceeds the limits for Risk Group 1, but that does not pose:		Р		
	 an actinic ultraviolet hazard (E_S) within 1000 s exposure, nor 		Р		
	 a near ultraviolet hazard (E_{UVA}) within 100 s, nor 		P		
	 a retinal blue-light hazard (L_B) within 0,25 s (aversion response), nor 		Р		
	 a retinal thermal hazard (L_R) within 0,25 s (aversion response), nor 		Р		
	 an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (E_{IR}) within 10 s 		Р		
	Lamps that emit infrared radiation without a strong visual stimulus and do not pose a near-infrared retinal hazard (L _{IR}), within 10 s are in Risk Group 2.		Р		
6.1.4	Risk Group 3 (High-Risk)	•	N/A		
	Lamps which exceed the limits for Risk Group 2 are in Group 3.		N/A		
6.2	Pulsed lamps		N/A		
	Pulse lamp criteria shall apply to a single pulse and to any group of pulses within 0,25 s.		N/A		
	A pulsed lamp shall be evaluated at the highest nominal energy loading as specified by the manufacturer.		N/A		
	The risk group determination of the lamp being tested shall be made as follows:		N/A		



Page 11 of 20 Report No.: STUESO230900003LM

	IEC 6247	1	
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
		·	
	 a lamp that exceeds the exposure limit sh classified as belonging to Risk Group 3 (High-Risk) 	all be	N/A
	 for single pulsed lamps, a lamp whose we radiant exposure or weighted radiance of below the EL shall be classified as belong the Exempt Group 	oes is	N/A
	for repetitively pulsed lamps, a lamp whose weighted radiant exposure or weighted radiose is below the EL, shall be evaluated the continuous wave risk criteria discusse clause 6.1, using time averaged values of pulsed emission	diance using d in	N/A



Page 12 of 20 Report No.: STUESO230900003LM

	IEC 62471		
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

Wavelength	UV hazard function	Wavelength	UV hazard functio
λ, nm	S _{ev} (λ)	λ, nm	S _{tv} (λ)
200	0,030	313*	0,006
205	0,051	315	0,003
210	0,075	316	0,0024
215	0,095	317	0,0020
220	0,120	318	0,0016
225	0,150	319	0,0012
230	0,190	320	0,0010
235	0,240	322	0,00067
240	0,300	323	0,00054
245	0,360	325	0,00050
250	0,430	328	0,00044
254*	0,500	330	0,00041
255	0,520	333*	0,00037
260	0,650	335	0,00034
265	0,810	340	0,00028
270	1,000	345	0,00024
275	0,960	350	0,00020
280*	0,880	355	0,00016
285	0,770	360	0,00013
290	0,640	365*	0,00011
295	0,540	370	0,000093
297*	0,460	375	0,000077
300	0,300	380	0,000064
303*	0,120	385	0,000053
305	0,060	390	0,000044
308	0,026	395	0,000036
310	0,015	400	0,000030

Wavelengths chosen are representative: other values should be obtained by logarithmic interpolation at intermediate wavelengths.

^{*} Emission lines of a mercury discharge spectrum.



Page 13 of 20 Report No.: STUESO230900003LM

IEC 62471				
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict	

Wavelength nm	Blue-light hazard function B (λ)	Burn hazard function R (λ)
300	0,01	
305	0,01	
310	0,01	
315	0,01	
320	0,01	
325	0,01	
330	0,01	
335	0,01	
340	0,01	
345	0,01	
350	0,01	
355	0,01	
360	0,01	
365	0,01	
370	0,01	
375	0,01	
380	0,01	0,1
385	0,013	0,13
390	0,025	0,25
395	0,05	0,5
400 405	0,10	1,0
	0,20	2,0
410 415	0,40 0,80	4,0 8,0
420	0,90	9,0
425	0,95	9,5
430	0,98	9,8
435	1,00	10,0
440	1,00	10,0
445	0,97	9.7
450	0,94	9,4
455	0,90	9,0
460	0,80	8,0
465	0,70	7,0
470	0,62	6,2
475	0,55	5,5
480	0,45	4,5
485	0,40	4,0
490	0,22	2,2
495	0,16	1,6
500-600	10((450-λ)/50)	1,0



Page 14 of 20 Report No.: STUESO230900003LM

	IEC 62471				
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict		

Table 4.2	Spectral weighting functions for assessing retinal hazards from broadband optical sources					
	700-1050		10[(700-\)/500]			
	1050-1150		0,2			
	1150-1200		0,2·100,02(1150-λ)			
	1200-1400		0,02			



Page 15 of 20 Report No.: STUESO230900003LM

	IEC 62471				
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict		

Table 5.4	Summary of the ELs for the	Summary of the ELs for the surface of the skin or cornea (irradiance based values)						
Hazard Name	Relevant equation	Wavelength range nm	Exposure duration sec	Limiting aperture rad (deg)	EL in terms of constant irradiance W•m-2			
Actinic UV skin & eye	$E_S = \sum E_{\lambda} \cdot S(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda$	200 – 400	< 30000	1,4 (80)	30/t			
Eye UV-A	$E_{UVA} = \sum E_{\lambda} \cdot \Delta \lambda$	315 – 400	≤1000 >1000	1,4 (80)	10000/t 10			
Blue-light small source	$E_B = \sum E_\lambda \bullet B(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$	300 – 700	≤100 >100	< 0,011	100/t 1,0			
Eye IR	$E_{IR} = \sum E_{\lambda} \cdot \Delta \lambda$	780 –3000	≤1000 >1000	1,4 (80)	18000/t ^{0,75} 100			
Skin thermal	$E_H = \sum E_{\lambda} \cdot \Delta \lambda$	380 – 3000	< 10	2π sr	20000/t ^{0,75}			

Table 5.5	Sun	nmary of the ELs for the	e retina (radian	ce based value	es)		
Hazard Name		Relevant equation	Wavelength range nm	Exposure duration sec	Field of view radians	EL in ter constant r W•m-2-	adiance
				0,25 - 10	0,011•√(t/10)	10%	/t
Blue light		51 - 503 - 43	200 700	10-100	0,011	106/	/t
		$L_B = \sum L_\lambda \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda$	300 – 700	100-10000	0,0011•√t	10%	106/t
				≥ 10000	0,1	100	0
Retinal		L = EL + B(0) + (1)	200 4400	< 0,25	0,0017	50000/(0	x•t ^{0,25})
thermal		$L_R = \sum L_\lambda \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda$	380 – 1400	0,25 - 10	0,011•√(t/10)	50000/(0	a•t ^{0,25})
Retinal thermal (weak visual stimulus)		$L_{IR} = \sum L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda$	780 – 1400	> 10	0,011	6000)/α



	Page	16 of 20 Report No.: STUESU2309000	JUSLM		
IEC 62471					
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict		

Table 6.1	Emission limits	for risk group	s of continuo	us wave lam	ps (α=0,0575	rad)			P
						Emission M	easurement		
Risk	Action spectrum	Symbol	Units	Exe	empt	Low	risk	Mod	risk
	Spectrum			Limit	Result	Limit	Result	Limit	Result
Actinic UV	S _{UV} (λ)	E _s	W•m ⁻²	0,001		0,003	2.36e-3	0,03	
Near UV		EUVA	W•m ⁻²	10		33	3.372e1	100	
Blue light	Β(λ)	La	W•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹	100		10000	2.216e4	4000000	
Blue light, small source	Β(λ)	E _B	W•m-2	1,0*		1,0		400	
Retinal thermal	R(\(\lambda\)	L _R	W•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹	28000/α		28000/α	2.217e5	71000/α	
Retinal thermal, weak visual stimulus**	R(A)	Lir	W•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹	6000/α		6000/α	0	6000/a	
IR radiation, eye		EiR	W•m-2	100		570	0	3200	

Small source defined as one with α < 0,011 radian. Averaging field of view at 10000 s is 0,1 radian. Involves evaluation of non-GLS source



Page 17 of 20 Report No.: STUESO230900003LM

IEC 62471			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

Ar	Annex 1: European Group Differences and National Differences	P
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ATTACHMENT TO TEST REPORT IEC 62471 EUROPEAN GROUP DIFFERENCES AND NATIONAL DIFFERENCES PHOTOBIOLOGICAL SAFETY OF LAMPS AND LAMPS SYSTEMS

Differences according....... EN 62471:2008

Annex Form No.....: EU_GD_IEC62471A

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	CENELEC COMMON MODIFICATIONS (EN)		Р
4	EXPOSURE LIMITS		
	Contents of the whole Clause 4 of IEC 62471:2006 moved into a new informative Annex ZB		
	Clause 4 replaced by the following:		Р
	Limits of the Artificial Optical Radiation Directive (2006/25/EC) have been applied instead of those fixed in IEC 62471:2006	See appended table 6.1	Р
4.1	General		Р
	First paragraph deleted	Noted	



SLU	D			Page 18	of 20	Re	eport No.: ST	UESO23090	0003LM	
IEC 62471										
Clause	Requirement + Test			Result - Remark					Verdict	
Table 6.1	Emission limits (α=0,0575rad)	nission limits for risk groups of continuous wave lamps (based on EU Directive 2006/25/ec) =0,0575rad).							Р	
Risk	Action spectrum	Symbol	Units	Emission Measurement						
				Exempt		Low risk		Mod risk		
				Limit	Result	Limit	Result	Limit	Result	
Actinic UV	S _{UV} (λ)	Es	W•m·²	0,001			2.36e-3			
Near UV		EUVA	W•m-2	0,33			3.372e1			
Blue light	Β(λ)	LB	W•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹	100		10000	2.216e4	4000000		
Blue light, small source	Β(λ)	E ₀	W•m-2	1,0*		1,0	0,000	400		
Retinal thermal	R(A)	L _R	W•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹	28000/α		28000/α	2.217e5	71000/α		
Retinal thermal, weak visual stimulus**	R(A)	Lir	W•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹	545000 0,0017≤α ≤0,011						
				6000/α 0,011≤α≤ 0,1	0,000					
IR radiation, eye	-	E _{IR}	W•m-2	100		570	0	3200		

^{*} Small source defined as one with α < 0,011 radian. Averaging field of view at 10000 s is 0,1 radian.
** Involves evaluation of non-GLS source



Page 19 of 20

Report No.: STUESO230900003LM

IEC 62471							
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict				

Annex 2: Product photo

Details of:

R007

View:

[x]general

[] front

[] rear

[] right

[] left

[] top

[] bottom

[] Internal



Details of:

R007

View:

[x]general

[]front

[] rear

[] right

[] left

[] top

[] bottom

[] Internal

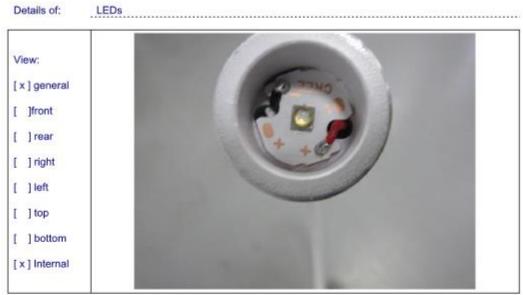




Page 20 of 20 Report No.: STUESO230900003LM

IEC 62471								
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict					

Details of:



-End of report---